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CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

		2016/17 €000	Other €000	EURO 2016 €000	2015/16 €000
	Notes				
Broadcasting rights	1	2 322 212	2 160 995	1 024 230	3 185 225
Commercial rights	2	458 112	444 962	483 318	928 280
Rights revenue		2 780 324	2 605 957	1 507 548	4 113 505
Tickets	3	20 022	17 341	269 179	286 520
Hospitality	4	17 799	14 376	128 052	142 428
Other revenue	5	17 781	26 096	11 217	37 313
Total revenue		2 835 926	2 663 770	1 915 996	4 579 766
Distribution to participating teams	6	-2 119 362	-1 968 738	-301 000	-2 269 738
Contributions to associations	7	-32 814	-28 265	-41 166	-69 431
Event expenses	8	-177 097	-182 682	-355 066	-537 748
Referees and match officers	9	-32 422	-36 965	-3 135	-40 100
Information and communications technology	10	-54 164	-43 194	-63 878	-107 072
Employee salaries and benefits	11	-83 189	-79 844	-78 694	-158 538
Depreciation and amortisation	21	-9 333	-7 853	-2 047	-9 900
Other expenses	12	-50 005	-45 563	-72 057	-117 620
Total expenses		-2 558 386	-2 393 104	-917 043	-3 310 147
Operating result before solidarity payments		277 540	270 666	998 953	1 269 619
Solidarity payments	13	-268 344	-1 012 181	-151 549	-1 163 730
Operating result		9 196	-741 515	847 404	105 889
Financial income	14	7 857	9 480	0	9 480
Financial costs	15	-23 021	-12 386	-54	-12 440
Taxes		-729	-812	0	-812
Net result for the period		-6 697	-745 233	847 350	102 117

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

		30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
Assets	Notes		
Cash and cash equivalents	16	803 403	1 138 212
Other financial assets	17	908 780	739 814
Receivables	18	76 992	1 276 99°
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	19	25 363	92 946
Deferred competition costs	20	69 378	184 480
Current assets		1 883 916	3 432 443
Deferred competition costs	20	15 581	33 373
Property and equipment	21	101 917	105 752
Intangible assets	21	9 349	10 864
Other financial assets	17	361 383	372 56!
Non-current assets		488 230	522 554
		2 372 146	3 954 997
Total assets Liabilities and reserves	22		
Liabilities and reserves Payables	22	534 824	922 58
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income	23	534 824 324 871	922 58 1 612 47
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties		534 824 324 871 102 880	922 58 1 612 47 132 44
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities	23 24	534 824 324 871 102 880 0	922 58 1 612 47 132 44 1 04
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities Provisions	23	534 824 324 871 102 880 0 248 279	922 58 1 612 47 132 44 1 04 335 45
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities Provisions Current liabilities	23 24 25	534 824 324 871 102 880 0 248 279 1 210 854	922 58 1 612 47 132 44 1 04 335 45 3 004 00
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities Provisions Current liabilities Deferred income	23 24 25 23	534 824 324 871 102 880 0 248 279 1 210 854 386 125	922 58 1 612 47 132 44 1 04 335 45 3 004 00 96 62
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities Provisions Current liabilities Deferred income Provisions	23 24 25	534 824 324 871 102 880 0 248 279 1 210 854 386 125 149 000	922 58 1 612 47 132 44 1 04 335 45 3 004 00 96 62 221 50
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities Provisions Current liabilities Deferred income Provisions Non-current liabilities	23 24 25 23	534 824 324 871 102 880 0 248 279 1 210 854 386 125 149 000 535 125	922 58 1 612 47 132 44 1 04 335 45 3 004 00 96 62 221 50 318 12
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities Provisions Current liabilities Deferred income Provisions Non-current liabilities Liabilities	23 24 25 23	534 824 324 871 102 880 0 248 279 1 210 854 386 125 149 000 535 125 1 745 979	922 58 1 612 47 132 44 1 04 335 45 3 004 00 96 62 221 50 318 12 3 322 13
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities Provisions Current liabilities Deferred income Provisions Non-current liabilities Liabilities Undesignated reserves	23 24 25 23	534 824 324 871 102 880 0 248 279 1 210 854 386 125 149 000 535 125 1 745 979 500 000	922 58 1 612 47 132 44 1 049 335 45 3 004 00 96 620 221 500 318 120 3 322 13
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities Provisions Current liabilities Deferred income Provisions Non-current liabilities Liabilities Undesignated reserves Retained earnings	23 24 25 23	534 824 324 871 102 880 0 248 279 1 210 854 386 125 149 000 535 125 1 745 979 500 000 132 864	922 58 1 612 47 132 44 1 049 335 45 3 004 009 96 620 221 500 318 120 3 322 133 500 000 30 74
Liabilities and reserves Payables Accrued expenses and deferred income Advances from third parties Current tax liabilities Provisions Current liabilities Deferred income Provisions Non-current liabilities Liabilities	23 24 25 23	534 824 324 871 102 880 0 248 279 1 210 854 386 125 149 000 535 125 1 745 979 500 000	922 583 1 612 477 132 446 1 049 335 454 3 004 007 96 626 221 500 318 126 3 322 133 500 000 30 747 102 117



CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
Opening balance: cash and cash equivalents	1 138 212	518 688
Net foreign exchange difference	-7 814	-4 85
Closing balance: cash and cash equivalents	803 403	1 138 212
Change in net cash and cash equivalents	-326 995	624 379
Operating result before solidarity payments	277 540	1 269 619
Solidarity payments	-268 344	-1 163 730
Financial income	3 288	5 24
Financial costs	-15 207	-7 585
Taxes paid	-1 104	-263
Depreciation and amortisation	9 333	9 900
Net movements in provisions	-159 675	383 468
Subtotal	-154 169	496 650
Change in receivables	1 200 091	-543 432
Change in prepaid expenses and accrued income	68 016	-65 929
Change in deferred competition costs	132 894	224 71
Change in payables	-387 757	478 639
Change in accrued expenses and deferred income	-998 107	-96 73
Change in advances from third parties	-29 566	18 272
Change in current tax liabilities	-674	500
Change in net working capital	-15 103	16 030
Cash flow from operating activities	-169 272	512 680
Change in other current financial assets	-164 830	288 748
Change in loans	37 730	-16 003
Change in long-term securities	-26 549	-155 173
Capital expenditure in ICT equipment	-1 374	-1 016
Capital expenditure in office equipment	-493	-56!
Capital expenditure in intangible assets	-2 115	-4 292
Capital expenditure in participation	-92	(
Cash flow from investing activities	-157 723	111 699
Cash flow from financing activities	0	(
Change in net cash and cash equivalents	-326 995	624 379

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES

Reserves attributable to member associations

€000	Undesignated reserves	Retained earnings and net result for the period	Reserves
Total 30/06/2015	500 000	30 747	530 747
Net result for 2015/16		102 117	102 117
Total 30/06/2016	500 000	132 864	632 864
Net result for 2016/17		-6 697	-6 697
Total 30/06/2017	500 000	126 167	626 167



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Accounting principles

a) General information

The "Union des Associations Européennes de Football" (hereafter UEFA) is an international non-governmental, not-for-profit organisation in the form of an association according to Swiss law and is domiciled in Nyon, Switzerland. As at 30 June 2017, UEFA consisted of 55 member associations. It is a recognised confederation of FIFA.

UEFA's main objectives (Article 2 of the UEFA Statutes) are to:

- deal with all questions relating to European football;
- promote football in Europe in a spirit of peace, understanding and fair play, without any discrimination on account of politics, gender, religion, race or any other reason;
- monitor and control the development of every type of football in Europe;
- organise and conduct international football competitions and tournaments at European level for every type of football whilst respecting the players' health;
- prevent all methods or practices which might jeopardise the regularity of matches or competitions or give rise to the abuse of football:
- ensure that sporting values always prevail over commercial interests;
- redistribute revenue generated by football in accordance with the principle of solidarity and to support reinvestment in favour of all levels and areas of football, especially the grassroots of the game.

b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of UEFA and its subsidiaries (hereafter the group) are presented in euros (€/EUR), as this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the group operates.

Foreign operations are included in accordance with the policies set out in note d) (foreign currencies).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Swiss Code of Obligations, the association's by-laws and the accounting policies described hereafter. They have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention

c) Basis of consolidation

Name	_	Consolidation	Share capital		Own	ership
	incorporation	method			30 June 17	30 June 16
Union des Associations Européennes de Football	Switzerland	Fully consolidated		Ultima	te parent comp	oany
UEFA Events SA	Switzerland	Fully consolidated	CHF	4000000	100%	100%
UEFA Club Competitions SA	Switzerland	Fully consolidated	CHF	100 000	99.9%	0%
Euro 2008 SA (in liquidation)	Switzerland	Fully consolidated	CHF	250 000	100%	100%
EURO 2016 SAS	France	Fully consolidated	EUR	50 000	95%	95%

The consolidated financial statements of the group incorporate the financial statements of UEFA and the entities controlled by UEFA.

Control is achieved where UEFA has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. This is the case where UEFA holds more than 50% of the voting rights. The entities included in this consolidation are shown in the table.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date control ceases. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of the subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by the group. The equity and profit attributable to minority shareholders' interests are immaterial.

The book value of investments has been eliminated against the share in the net assets of the companies, valued at the time of the acquisition or creation. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition or creation of subsidiaries by the group.

All inter-company balances and transactions, as well as any unrealised gains and losses arising from transactions between group companies, are eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

d) Foreign currencies

The books of UEFA and its subsidiaries are kept in euros. Transactions in currencies other than the euro are recorded at the daily rate of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement. Net unrealised gains on the translation of non-current monetary assets and liabilities are deferred in the balance sheet through a corresponding expense recognised in the income statement under financial income.



The foreign exchange rates used are as follows:

Currency	30 June 2017	Average 2016/17	30 June 2016	Average 2015/16
EUR/CHF	1.0947	1.0806	1.0882	1.0872
EUR/GBP	0.8788	0.8597	0.8285	0.7499
EUR/USD	1.1439	1.0904	1.1100	1.1101

e) Income statement

The consolidated income statement is structured as follows:

- revenue
- expenses
- solidarity payments
- financial income and costs
- taxes

Expenses are related to the organisation of competitions by the group as well as to the administration of UEFA. For accounting purposes, UEFA competitions are split into three categories, as follows:

- competitions played on an annual basis, such as the UEFA Champions League and the UEFA European Under-19 Championship;
- final tournaments played every two or four years, such as the UEFA European Under-21 Championship final tournament and the UEFA European Football Championship (EURO) final tournament;
- European Qualifiers played over two seasons for UEFA European Football Championship final tournaments and the FIFA World Cup.

f) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the group will derive economic benefit from it and that the revenue can be reliably measured.

Football-related revenue consists primarily of the following items:

- broadcasting rights (e.g. media rights and unilateral services)
- commercial rights (e.g. sponsorship, licensing and value-in-kind)
- tickets
- hospitality
- other revenue (e.g. fines, FIFA financial assistance programmes, membership and entry fees as well as non-football-related revenue)

Revenue related to competitions as described in note e) (income statement) is recognised as follows:

- Competitions played on an annual basis: recognised in the income statement for the period during which the competition takes place.
- Final tournaments played every two or four years: deferred and recognised in the income statement for the period when the vast majority of the tournament matches are played. In cases where the competition is played partly in the following period, by applying the substance over form principle and in order to enable the user of the financial statements to have a full picture of the financial result of the competition, the revenue is fully recognised during the period in which the competition started.

• European Qualifiers played over two seasons for UEFA European Football Championship final tournaments and the FIFA World Cup: recognised in the income statement based on the number of matches played (percentage of completion accounting method) in each of the two periods during which the qualifying competition takes place.

Advance payments received by UEFA prior to the date of revenue recognition are deferred to the balance sheet as they may be repayable, in whole or in part, to UEFA partners up to completion of the competition. Interest earned on instalments received is for the benefit of UEFA and is recorded as financial income.

Cumulative deferred revenue is shown in the balance sheet as deferred income. Deferred revenue related to competitions taking place in more than 12 months' time is presented under non-current liabilities.

Although these are not financial transactions, UEFA shows value-in-kind benefits from commercial contracts (e.g. sportswear, technical equipment, beverages and transport) in the income statement under commercial rights revenue, and value-in-kind expenses under other event expenses.



g) Expenses

Total expenses are the gross outflow of economic benefits that arise from the ordinary activity of organising an event as well as from UEFA administrative activities.

Total expenses consist primarily of the following items:

- distribution to participating teams (clubs and associations)
- contributions to associations (FIFA, member associations and other confederations)
- event expenses (direct event expenses, broadcast and media, marketing, promotion, publications, hospitality and other event expenses)
- referees and match officers (entitlements, travel and accommodation)
- information and communications technology
- employee salaries and benefits
- depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets
- other expenses (travel, accommodation and daily allowances, consultancy and legal advice, outsourced translations and interpreters, office running expenses, building maintenance and security)

Expenses related to competitions played on an annual basis as defined in note e) (income statement) are recognised in the income statement for the period during which the matches or events of a given competition take place.

Expenses related to competitions taking place in future periods are deferred and recognised in the income statement for the period when the vast majority of the final tournament matches are played or, for the European Qualifiers, according to the number of matches played within the corresponding season (percentage of completion accounting method).

Cumulative deferred expenses are shown in the balance sheet as deferred competition costs. Deferred expenses related to competitions taking place in more than 12 months' time is presented under non-current assets.

h) Employee salaries and benefits

Statutory retirement benefits are provided in the countries where the group operates. Payments made to statutory retirement benefit plans are recognised in the income statement as they fall due.

The group has additionally set up a pension plan with defined contribution characteristics for all employees of its Swiss entities. This scheme also covers the risks of premature death and disability through insurance agreements. The pension plan is funded by contributions from employees and the relevant group companies (employer). Accordingly, the plan is accounted for as a defined contribution plan and corresponding payments are charged to the income statement as an expense as they fall due.

Salaries and benefits for temporary staff are paid through employment agencies.

Employee salaries and benefits also include compensation for active members as well as post-service compensation to long-serving former members of the UEFA Executive Committee. In accordance with Swiss law, these compensations are subject to Swiss witholding tax.

i) Leases

Leases where the group does not retain substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets are classified as operating leases. Operating lease expenditure is expensed on a straight line basis over the lease terms.

No assets are acquired under finance lease agreements.

j) Solidarity payments

Solidarity

Solidarity is recognised as an expense once the revenue financing these payments is secured, which means when the corresponding competition revenue is recognised as income. UEFA makes solidarity payments to associations and clubs for their activities, as stipulated in the respective regulations.

This solidarity scheme is financed from two different sources of net income and includes the following payments:

- From UEFA EURO earnings:
 - 1. in favour of the HatTrick programme for member associations, to finance investment projects such as infrastructure development, refurbishment and to co-finance ordinary tasks, as well as to offer incentive payments (e.g. participation in other competitions, referee or coaching conventions, club licensing system);
 - 2. in favour of member associations for extraordinary projects following the approval of the Finance Committee;
 - 3. to clubs participating in the success of the UEFA European Football Championship through the participation of some of their players.
- From UEFA's main club competition earnings:
 - 1. UEFA Champions League/UEFA Europa League: to clubs eliminated in the preliminary stages of those two club competitions;
 - 2. UEFA Champions League: to non-participating clubs, with payments coordinated and channelled through the leagues and aimed at supporting youth development activities in professional football. Payments are made through the member associations in countries with no professional league;
 - 3. UEFA Champions League: a cross-subsidy is made to co-finance the HatTrick programme in favour of member associations.

Donations

UEFA makes donations to associations in distress as well as to other non-governmental organisations according to an approved portfolio structure. This includes the UEFA Foundation for Children. The expenses are recognised on an accrual basis in the income statement once communicated externally.

k) Financial income and costs

The financial income and financial costs positions include the following:

- financial income, consisting of interest income from interest-bearing assets, fair value gains on marketable securities as well as realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains from operating and investing activities;
- financial costs, comprising fair value losses from marketable securities, realised and unrealised foreign exchange losses from operating and investing activities, as well as asset management costs and bank charges.

I) Hedging activities

Financial instruments held for hedging activities are recognised at their transaction date and offset against their underlying items. The value of unrealised hedging contracts as at the closing date is disclosed under Other notes to the financial statements.



m) Taxes

UEFA's corporate taxes in Switzerland conform with a tax ruling applying to international sports organisations located in the canton of Vaud. Its subsidiaries in Switzerland are taxed according to the rules and rulings applying to service companies. Subsidiaries in foreign countries are taxed according to the local rules and rulings.

Tax expense represents the sum of the tax payable in the current year.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year using ordinary tax rates applicable to an association or a corporation respectively.

n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include:

- cash in hand
- cash at bank
- deposits held at call with banks
- other short-term, highly liquid and easily convertible investments with original maturities of less than three months

Cash in foreign currencies is the result of payments received from partners with whom contracts were concluded in foreign currencies. As a result, the group performs a natural hedging of its foreign exchange exposure by endeavouring to match its cash currency portfolio with its liabilities in foreign currency.

o) Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the balance sheet as described below when the group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Receivables and loans

Receivables are recognised in the accounts at fair value, which corresponds to the amount invoiced, less any deductions. Loans and other receivables are recognised at nominal value.

A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Receivables and loans with maturities of less than 12 months are shown under current assets, and those with maturities greater than 12 months under non-current assets.

Bank term deposits and marketable securities

Bank term deposits up to 12 months, marketable securities readily convertible to cash, corporate bonds, medium-term notes and European commercial papers are recognised and derecognised on a trade date when the group commits to purchase or sell those financial instruments. They are initially recognised in the balance sheet at fair value, which corresponds to the transaction price. They are subsequently measured on a portfolio basis at amortised cost using linear depreciation, less provision for impairment. The fair value of those instruments is stated under the notes and explanations to the balance sheet

Long-term securities

Long-term securities are recognised and derecognised on a trade date when the group commits to purchase or sell those securities. UEFA acquires only products issued by reputable institutions with a good rating and for which repayment at maturity is guaranteed at least at the level of the capital invested.

These products held to maturity are recognised in the balance sheet at nominal value, i.e. the capital guaranteed. The fair value of these assets is stated under the notes and explanations to the balance sheet.

p) Property and equipment and intangible assets

The group's accounting policy with regard to tangible and intangible assets is as follows:

- Property and equipment: land, buildings, pitches, office equipment and computer hardware are stated in the balance sheet at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the related item.
- Intangible assets: computer software and other intangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at historical cost less accumulated amortisation.

All other expenditures, repairs and maintenance are recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

Depreciation on assets is calculated using the straight line method over the estimated useful life, which is as follows for the main categories:

Asset	Depreciation period
Land	No depreciation
Buildings – constructions	40 years
Buildings – renovations	20 years
ICT equipment	3 years
Office equipment	3–5 years
Intangible assets	3–6 years

Any gain arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and is recognised in the income statement.

q) Payables

Payables are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value. Payables to associations are also recorded under payables in the balance sheet and represent mainly interest-free current accounts in favour of and at the disposal of UEFA member associations. The EURO pool is derived from European Championship final round earnings and was established to finance future solidarity projects and payments in favour of European football.



r) Provisions

The group records provisions in the following situations:

- when it has an obligation, legal or constructive, to satisfy a claim and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required;
- when a risk exists at balance sheet date: the corresponding risk provision is adjusted at year-end based on an internal analysis to match the group's risk exposure;
- when imminent special projects are approved prior to the balance sheet date and are already under way. In the following year(s), the cost of such projects is included in the income statement as incurred, however, an equal reversal of the provision is recorded in the same period.

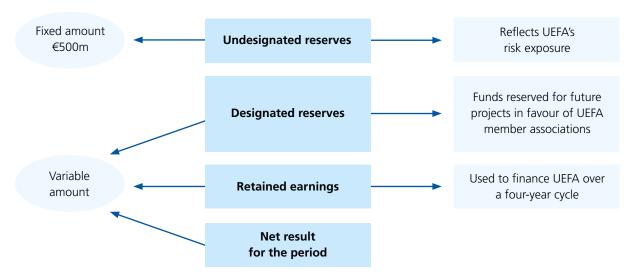
Note r) (provisions) includes, in particular, the provision derived from the last EURO results and established to finance the HatTrick programme, as defined in note j) (solidarity payments). Amounts are reclassified as payables as soon as the national association fulfils the requirements for receiving the payments. The provision is in favour of all UEFA member associations in order to co-finance their ordinary tasks and to finance capital expenditure,

equipment and other investments essential for their operations. The overall HatTrick programme is approved by the UEFA Executive Committee and acknowledged by the UEFA Congress. The HatTrick Committee is responsible for approving and monitoring individual projects at association level on the basis of the HatTrick regulations. UEFA has determined which part of the programme is financed from EURO final tournaments and which part from the UEFA Champions League. Expenses related to each part of the programme are recognised as an expense at the same time as the income of the financing competition is recognised.

In addition to the HatTrick programme, the UEFA Champions League pool is made available to non-participating clubs with the aim of supporting youth development activities in professional football. For that purpose, the leagues (or the associations themselves if no league exists) have to submit a concept to UEFA to demonstrate the use of these funds. Once approved, the available amount is transferred under payables.

s) Reserves

UEFA's reserves include the following items:



The way of presenting the consolidated reserves was implemented retroactively as from 1 July 2011 and acknowledged by the 2012 UEFA Congress in Istanbul,

in particular the creation of undesignated reserves with a fixed amount reflecting UEFA's risk exposure. The current exposure is evaluated at €500 million.

t) Risk management

The group's activities expose it to a variety of financial (mainly foreign-currency-related) and non-financial risks. The group's overall risk management programme focuses also on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the group's financial performance.

Risk assessments are performed and define UEFA's minimum reserve requirements. These are an integral part of the strategic financial outlook presented to the UEFA Congress on a regular basis.

Financial assets are monitored on a monthly basis, in accordance with the investment policies described in note u) (investment policy), supported by experts (such as the Financial Supervisory Group) and UEFA's advisory bank

Foreign currency risk

UEFA incurs foreign currency risk primarily from future cash inflows from revenue denominated in a currency other than the euro, which is the base currency for future cash outflows such as distributions to participating teams, event expenses, development projects and solidarity payments. The major currencies giving rise to currency risk are the Swiss franc, the British pound and the US dollar.

Foreign exchange policy

Cash in foreign currencies is the result of payments received from partners with whom contracts were concluded in foreign currencies. As a result, the group performs a natural hedging of its foreign exchange exposure by endeavouring to match its currency portfolio with its liabilities in foreign currency.

If additional currency exposure exists, incoming payments in currencies other than the euro and the Swiss franc are converted at spot rate on the day when payments are received. To give an averaging effect, staggered payment dates are agreed with UEFA's partners during the lifetime of these contracts. Conversion at different dates spread over the duration of UEFA's contracts has proved to achieve the best possible results and mitigates the risk of taking difficult decisions with an impact over too long a period.

However, in the case of the club competitions, hedging contracts can be concluded to limit currency exchange risks in relation to redistribution to the clubs. Hedging activities are recognised as described in paragraph I).

u) Investment policy

Security is the first priority and guiding principle for dealing with UEFA's financial assets. Diversification within various asset classes and among an optimum number of top-rated counterparties is considered the most important and effective way to best safeguard UEFA's assets. For long-term securities, UEFA invests in structured products with unconditional 100% capital protection.

As a second priority, the daily liquidity of funds must be consistent with UEFA's distribution and solidarity payments, as well as with large capital expenditure and the day-to-day activities of the UEFA administration.

Consequently, return on investment is the third priority.



Notes and explanations to the consolidated income statement This section provides details of the most important items in the consolidated income statement, established in accordance with the accounting principles described in this financial report. 1. Broadcasting rights	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
UEFA EURO 2016	39	1 024 230
European Qualifiers	286 077	197 901
UEFA Champions League / UEFA Super Cup	1 701 128	1 646 493
UEFA Europa League	319 989	311 623
Other competitions	14 979	4 978
Total	2 322 212	3 185 225
Revenue from other competitions includes the women's, Under-21, youth, amateur and futsal competitions and may vary significantly from one financial year to the next given that some competitions are not organised on a yearly basis.		
Broadcasting rights related to the European Qualifiers have been marketed centrally since 2014/15. Revenue is recognised according to the number of matches played during the year under review, in accordance with the principles described in note f) (revenue recognition).		
The comments above also apply to commercial rights and tickets.		
2. Commercial rights		
UEFA EURO 2016	941	483 318
European Qualifiers	19 976	9 856
UEFA Champions League / UEFA Super Cup	388 298	386 961
UEFA Europa League	41 070	40 128
Other competitions and activities	7 827	8 017
Total	458 112	928 280
3. Tickets		
UEFA EURO 2016	57	269 179
UEFA Champions League / UEFA Super Cup	14 686	13 783
UEFA Europa League	4 164	3 282
Other competitions	1 115	276
Total	20 022	286 520

It goes without saying that seating capacity is the main revenue driver for tickets and hospitality. This has to be taken into account when comparing with the previous year's figures.	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
4. Hospitality	62	120.052
UEFA EURO 2016	-63	128 052
UEFA Champions League / UEFA Super Cup	16 236	13 553
UEFA Europa League	1 626 17 799	823 142 428
Total	17 799	142 428
5. Other revenue		
Fines	6 191	8 121
FIFA Financial Assistance Programme	0	8 991
Membership and competition entry fees	11	11
Other football-related revenue	441	4 280
Transmission services	9 779	8 030
Other non-football-related revenue (including UEFA EURO 2016)	1 359	7 880
Total	17 781	37 313
Income from fines is used to finance various social responsibility projects, UEFA's disciplinary bodies and integrity projects. Contributions from FIFA for its Forward programme will only be released and recognised as revenue in 2017/18. Non-football-related revenue includes agreements for transmission services, indemnities and concessions, sales of match programmes, as well as resale of equipment. The decrease compared with the previous year is mainly related to EURO 2016.		
6. Distribution to participating teams		
UEFA EURO 2016 (associations)	0	301 000
European Qualifiers (associations)	295 341	200 430
UEFA Champions League (clubs)	1 389 125	1 349 428
UEFA Europa League (clubs)	423 188	411 155
UEFA Super Cup (clubs)	7 000	7 000
UEFA Women's Champions League (clubs)	650	650
UEFA European Under-21 Championship (associations)	4 000	0
Other competitions	58	75
Total	2 119 362	2 269 738



7	Contributions to associations	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
	Contributions to associations Contribution to competition costs (for associations hosting or participating in women's, youth or futsal competitions)	22 235	37 712
	Contribution to team travel costs	9 004	8 345
	Study Group Scheme	596	867
	Contributions to other confederations	350	350
	Other contributions (incl. integrity officers, EURO 2016 host cities)	629	22 157
	Total	32 814	69 431
8.	Event expenses		
	Direct event expenses	37 592	167 131
	Broadcast and media	27 232	99 288
	Marketing	78 912	141 261
	Promotion	4 871	17 398
	Publications	2 896	5 092
	Hospitality	11 004	71 788
	Other event expenses	14 590	35 790
	Total	177 097	537 748
	Direct event expenses include costs such as contributions to local organisers, stadium rental and infrastructure, security, venue management, event material, as well as signage production and implementation. Broadcast and media reflects the cost of TV content productions, filming and international broadcast centre (IBC) operations for matches or draws where UEFA acts as host broadcaster. In addition, expenses for graphics and information services, media officers and monitoring, as well as broadcaster servicing are included in this subtotal and are used for UEFA's main club competitions and for other televised UEFA competitions such as EURO 2016.		
	Sales expenses, tendering expenses, monitoring and research, branding and rights protection are grouped under Marketing. Promotion includes expenses for mascot creatives, gifts, music production and event promotion (e.g. fan zones and festivals).		

	Hospitality refers to catering, decoration, signage and all other services made available to corporate guests, sponsors and officials at matches, with a higher significance at venues of finals of club competitions as well as national team competitions such as EURO 2016. Finally, Other event expenses consists of regulations, trophies, medals and awards, uniforms, value-in-kind expenses, non-recoverable foreign VAT, plus event and transport insurances. A breakdown by competition is not disclosed because it is not meaningful as event expenses are used not only for competitions, but also for other events and conferences or even for governing expenses (e.g. publications, gifts and meeting facilities).	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
9.	Referees and match officers	10.216	24.104
	Referees Contribution to accomplish the second state of the second	18 216	24 184
_	Contribution to associations for referee costs	4 810	5 093 8 243
_	Delegates and venue directors Doping controls	6 932	2 347
	Insurances for referees and match officers	383	233
_	Total	32 422	40 100
	This total includes all referee and match officer expenses such as entitlements, travel, accommodation and daily allowances. Breakdown by competition: UEFA EURO 2016	36	3 135
	European Qualifiers	240	3 344
	LIFFA Changiana Langua (LIFFA Compa Com		
	UEFA Champions League / UEFA Super Cup	10 919	11 135
	UEFA Europa League / UEFA Super Cup	10 919 10 474	11 135 10 383
	UEFA Europa League	10 474	10 383



Information and communications technology	2016/17 €000	2015/1 €00
Computer solutions	46 849	97 33
Web production	7 315	9 73
Total	54 164	107 07
Information and Communications Technology (ICT) refers to technologies that provide access to information through telecommunications and focuses primarily on communications technology, which includes the internet, wireless signals, mobile phones, audiovisual systems and broadcast media. In addition, it comprises computer hardware, data storage, networks, help desks and enterprise software (e.g. FAME, ERP). This enables users to create, access, store and transmit information.		
The web production total refers to costs related directly to the UEFA website, such as hosting and editorial costs as well as non-capitalised investments in relation to the design of the website.		
The total in the table does not include costs such as capitalised ICT investments, personnel, travel and office running expenses.		
Employee salaries and benefits Salaries and social charges	79 463	117 8
Temporary agency staff	2 132	3 14
Subtotal – annual expenses	81 595	120 9
Deferred personnel costs	-3 756	32 4
Subtotal – charged to annual accounts	77 839	153 4
Other personnel expenses	1 814	19
Executive Committee compensation	3 536	3 1
Total	83 189	158 5

Building maintenance and security Subtotal – annual expenses Deferred other expenses			50 421 -416	111 01 6 60
Building maintenance and security			·	
			4 229	11 33
omee raming expenses			4 229	11 39
Office running expenses			2 109	8 0
Outsourced translations and interpreters			1 806	2 4
Consultancy, litigation and legal advice			21 065	30 0
Travel, hotels and daily allowances			21 212	59 1
Other expenses				
– thereof with fixed-term contracts	45.0	550.4		
– thereof with open-ended contracts	454.6	396.1		
Total	499.6	946.5		
Apprentices	2.0	2.0		
EURO 2016 SAS	0.0	389.0		
UEFA Events SA	187.3	256.4		
UEFA	30/06/2017 310.3	30/06/2016 299.1		
The total number of employees shown as full-time equivalents is as follows:				
Compensation to active members as well as post- service compensation to long-serving former members of the UEFA Executive Committee include withholding tax in accordance with Swiss law.				
The decrease in Employee salaries and benefits compared with the previous year is due to a large extent to EURO 2016. EURO 2016 costs deferred to the balance sheet in previous years have been reversed in the previous in the 2015/16 income statement. The accounting principles are explained in detail under note h) (employees salaries and benefits).			2016/17 €000	2015/ €0



Travel, hotels and daily allowances include overall expenses for airline tickets, hotel accommodation and daily allowances for UEFA officials and staff. However, referee and match officer travel costs are disclosed under note 9.	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
The same accounting principles as described in detail under note 11 have been applied to "Other expenses" in order to disclose the corresponding costs in the correct financial period.		
13. Solidarity payments		
The HatTrick solidarity programme in favour of European football is financed by the major UEFA club and national team competitions.		
HatTrick: investment programme	0	192 500
HatTrick: yearly solidarity	51 090	316 880
Other solidarity	0	292 000
Subtotal – member associations	51 090	801 380
UCL: solidarity to non-participating clubs	124 372	120 835
UCL: solidarity to eliminated clubs	28 435	27 645
UEL: solidarity to eliminated clubs	58 625	56 940
EURO: solidarity to clubs	0	150 000
Subtotal – clubs	211 432	355 420
UEFA Foundation for Children	21	1 249
Monaco charity award	1 000	1 000
Associations in distress (support for natural disasters)	503	31
Fare network	660	625
World Heart Federation with Healthy Stadia	800	320
Cross Cultures	370	390
Football for all Abilities (portfolio)	300	300
Football Supporters Europe eV	241	340
Supporters Direct	305	349
Homeless World Cup	150	150
CAFE (Centre for Access to Football in Europe)	375	538
International Platform on Sport and Development	170	152
WWF	150	150
Football First: "UEFA We Care" (portfolio)	190	100
UEFA member associations – various campaigns	40	197
Carbon offsetting	200	200
Team of the Year award	100	100
Donations related to UEFA EURO 2016	0	369
Other donations	247	370
Subtotal – donations	5 822	6 930
Total	268 344	1 163 730

The accounting principles are explained in detail under note j) (solidarity payments). The Finance Committee approves the total budget for donations. The Fair Play and Social Responsibility Committee decides which organisations should receive donations and for what amount.	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
14. Financial income		
Income from interest and alternative investments	7 857	5 672
Realised currency exchange differences	0	0
Unrealised currency exchange differences	0	3 808
Total	7 857	9 480
Security aspects and a wide counterparty diversification remained UEFA's top priorities, in order to best safeguard its assets. UEFA's counterparties are all among the best-rated with, however, the consequence that they offer less attractive yields. Counterparty risk monitoring is carried out on a monthly basis with the support of external experts.		
15. Financial costs		
Asset management costs	1 481	1 226
Bank charges	105	146
Realised currency exchange differences	12 747	11 068
Unrealised currency exchange differences	8 688	0
Total	23 021	12 440
The asset management costs correspond to issuing, custody and management fees and financial advice.		



lotes and explanations to the consolidated alance sheet		30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
6. Cash and cash equivalents			
Subtotals per currency in euro equivalents			
Euros	EUR	734 932	1 058 890
Swiss francs	CHF	8 590	6 961
British pounds	GBP	10 119	37 638
US dollars	USD	49 762	34 723
Total		803 403	1 138 212
7. Other financial assets			
Money market		246 418	198 997
a) Marketable securities		662 311	540 387
Escrow accounts		51	430
Other current financial assets		908 780	739 814
b) Loans		32 414	70 145
c) Long-term securities		328 969	302 420
Other non-current financial assets		361 383	372 565
Total		1 270 163	1 112 379
In line with the investment policy approved by the UEFA Executive Committee, marketable and long-term securities were purchased in order to improve the asset management result and, at the same time, diversify UEFA's assets.			
The carrying amounts of other financial assets are denominated in the following currencies, reported in euro equivalents.			
Euros	EUR	999 497	890 385
Swiss francs	CHF	281	577
British pounds	GBP	193 455	144 840
US dollars	USD	76 930	76 577
Total		1 270 163	1 112 379
a) Marketable securities			
•		296 191	250 390
Corporate honds			
Corporate bonds		330 072	/ 2u uu /
Corporate bonds Floating rate notes Medium-term notes		339 973 26 147	289 997

The bonds portfolio consists of 75 corporates with an average S&P A rating and average duration of 3.5 years. The maturity of these investments is matched with UEFA's obligations related to the HatTrick programme.	30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
Market value of these investments at balance sheet date	665 061	545 633
- thereof corporate bonds	298 491	255 926
- thereof floating rate notes	340 461	289 707
– thereof medium-term notes	26 109	0
b) Loans		
Bridging loans to associations	32 150	69 590
Mortgages in favour of UEFA staff members	264	555
Total	32 414	70 145
exceptional cases to provide funding for essential infrastructure for the long-term benefit of member associations or to advance HatTrick investment payments with the approval of the HatTrick Committee, creating a win-win situation for the member associations and UEFA. Mortgages to UEFA staff members have been granted according to specific regulations and with the usual guarantees (e.g. mortgage certificate in favour of UEFA). The yield on this asset is higher than the actual conditions on the money market.		
c) Long-term securities		
Credit-linked notes and skew notes	155 000	150 000
Structured products	173 969	152 420
Total	328 969	302 420
Market value of structured products at balance sheet date	329 752	302 377
Long-term securities cannot be traded on a daily basis as they are tailor-made and not listed on the stock exchange. The sale of such investments before maturity date could result in a loss. However, full capital protection is granted at maturity or in the case of early redemption by the issuer.		



	30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
3. Receivables		
National team competitions	23 338	229 508
Club competitions	29 122	1 029 160
Receivables: football partners – gross	52 460	1 258 668
Bad debts	-6 580	-7 004
Receivables: football partners – net	45 880	1 251 664
Associations – current accounts in favour of UEFA	753	3 173
VAT receivable	20 416	14 821
Other	9 943	7 333
Other receivables	31 112	25 327
Total	76 992	1 276 991
The reduction in receivables is a result of the new invoicing procedure for the club competitions. As from 2016/17, all invoices to club competition partners are now being accounted for at contractual due date in the financial year of the season in which the matches take place, even though those invoices might be sent out before.		
"Receivables: football partners" are broken down into:		
Fully performing receivables	11 541	1 212 028
Receivables past due but not impaired	34 339	39 63
Receivables individually impaired	6 580	7 004
Total	52 460	1 258 668
Given the current volatile economic situation, UEFA keeps a very close eye on receivables and does not think it will incur losses on amounts for which no provision has been made.		
The ageing analysis of "Receivables: football partners" past due but not impaired – is as follows:		
Up to 1 month	9 514	10 752
1 to 3 months	4 417	3 974
Over 3 months	20 408	24 910
Total	34 339	39 636

The carrying amounts of receivables are denominated in the following currencies reported in euro equivalents:		30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
Euros	EUR	16 946	945 772
Swiss francs	CHF	1 203	4 792
British pounds	GBP	1 371	25 037
US dollars	USD	32 940	283 060
Other currencies		0	7
Total		52 460	1 258 668
		<u> </u>	
19. Prepaid expenses and accrued income Prepaid expenses		2 102	9 998
19. Prepaid expenses and accrued income Prepaid expenses Accrued income: competitions			120000
Prepaid expenses		2 102	9 998
Prepaid expenses Accrued income: competitions Accrued interest on cash and cash equivalents /		2 102 8 382	9 998 77 249
Prepaid expenses Accrued income: competitions Accrued interest on cash and cash equivalents / long-term securities		2 102 8 382 3 707	9 998 77 249 3 275
Prepaid expenses Accrued income: competitions Accrued interest on cash and cash equivalents / long-term securities Other accrued income		2 102 8 382 3 707 107	9 998 77 249 3 275 276
Prepaid expenses Accrued income: competitions Accrued interest on cash and cash equivalents / long-term securities Other accrued income Accrued income		2 102 8 382 3 707 107 12 196	9 998 77 249 3 275 276 80 800



	30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
0. Deferred competition costs		
Club competitions	36 550	63 726
European Qualifiers	24 201	149 970
UEFA EURO 2020	14 392	49
UEFA Women's EURO 2017	7 327	1 204
Other competitions	2 489	2 462
Total	84 959	217 853
– thereof current portion	69 378	184 480
– thereof non-current portion	15 581	33 373
The organisational costs of competitions that will be played in the coming seasons are capitalised in accordance with the principles described in note g) (expenses) of the accounting principles, whereby expenses related to final rounds are deferred and recognised in the income statement for the financial		
year when the vast majority of the tournament matches are played. 1. Property and equipment and intangible assets		
Land	12 950	12 95
Buildings	85 084	88 28
ICT equipment	2 353	2 614
Office equipment	1 530	1 906
Property and equipment	101 917	105 75
Intangible assets	9 349	10 864
Total	111 266	116 616

€000	Land	Buildings	ICT equipment	Office equipment	Intangible assets	Total
Cost						
Balance as at 30/06/2015	12 950	116 138	8 457	4 533	21 095	163 173
Acquisitions			1 015	566	4 292	5 873
Renovations						0
Disposals / write-off			-685	-418	-5 142	-6 245
Reclassifications			12	-12		0
Balance as at 30/06/2016	12 950	116 138	8 799	4 669	20 245	162 801
Acquisitions			1 375	493	2 115	3 983
Renovations						0
Disposals / write-off			-188	-504		-692
Reclassifications			-9	9		0
Balance as at 30/06/2017	12 950	116 138	9 977	4 667	22 360	166 092
Accumulated depreciation Balance as at 30/06/2015	0	24 658	5 373	2 204	10 295	42 530
Depreciation for the year		3 198	1 497	977	4 228	9 900
Disposals / write-off			-685	-418	-5 142	-6 245
Reclassifications						0
Balance as at 30/06/2016	0	27 856	6 185	2 763	9 381	46 185
Depreciation for the year		3 198	1 627	878	3 630	9 333
Disposals / write-off			-188	-504	0	-692
Reclassifications						0
Balance as at 30/06/2017	0	31 054	7 624	3 137	13 011	54 826
Net book value						
as at 30/06/2016	12 950	88 282	2 614	1 906	10 864	116 616

There are four buildings (House of European Football, Villa la Falaise, La Clairière and Bois-Bougy), all located in Nyon, Switzerland.



	30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
2. Payables		
Suppliers	11 620	62 962
Associations USEA Formulation for Children	520 455	835 740
UEFA Foundation for Children	2 011	3 144
Other Total	738 534 824	20 735 922 581
By far the highest amount within UEFA's payables refers to future UEFA payments in favour of associations, leagues and clubs.	334 024	322 301
Current accounts in favour of the member associations	34 050	86 258
a) EURO pool	342 249	603 325
b) UEFA Champions League pool in favour of eliminated and non-participating clubs	126 676	123 142
Other	17 480	23 015
Total	520 455	835 740
The decrease in "Other" is due mainly to the payments withheld from certain clubs in relation to the UEFA financial fair play concept in previous years and released in 2016/17. a) Breakdown of the EURO pool		
Opening balance	603 325	219 224
Earmarked for UEFA EURO 2016 solidarity	-55 000	157 000
Additional club competition solidarity	20 000	20 000
Amount from benefits of UEFA EURO 2016 in favour of those clubs with players involved in the UEFA European Football Championship	-150 294	150 000
UEFA European Qualifiers 2018-22 infrastructure support project and shortfall in guaranteed amount to member associations	0	115 000
UEFA European Qualifiers 2014-18 infrastructure support project and shortfall in guaranteed amount to member associations	-75 782	-57 899
Closing balance	342 249	603 325
b) Breakdown of UEFA Champions League (UCL) pool		
Opening balance	123 142	87 346
Made available in:		
– 2016/17 for the 17 leagues with UCL teams	99 498	0
- 2015/16 for the 17 leagues with UCL teams	0	96 668
– 2016/17 for the 37 leagues without UCL teams	24 874	0
– 2015/16 for the 37 leagues without UCL teams	0	24 168
Payments made to leagues in the corresponding period	-120 838	-85 040
Total	126 676	123 142

	30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
23. Accrued expenses and deferred income		
Accrued expenses This position reflects costs that still fall under the financial year under review but which will only		
be paid during the following financial year.		
Deferred income This position represents revenue received or to be received which falls under the coming financial years.		
Employee benefits (accruals for bonuses, overtime and holidays)	11 400	20 536
Other accrued expenses	45 410	183 430
Total accrued expenses	56 810	203 966
Club competitions	351 203	1 161 501
European Qualifiers	194 678	318 353
UEFA EURO 2020	97 985	18 805
UEFA Women's EURO 2017	10 307	3 233
Other competitions	13	3 245
Total deferred income	654 186	1 505 137
Total	710 996	1 709 103
– thereof current portion	324 871	1 612 477
– thereof non-current portion (deferred income)	386 125	96 626
Advance payments and invoices issued before the closing date and related to competitions that will be played during the coming season(s) are capitalised under deferred income in accordance with note f) (revenue recognition) of the accounting principles, whereby revenue related to competitions is recognised in the income statement for the financial year(s) when the matches are played.		
Deferred income by nature		
Broadcasting rights	612 841	1 395 812
Commercial rights	41 319	109 309
Tickets and hospitality	26	16
Total	654 186	1 505 137



24. Advances from third parties	30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
UEFA Champions League – balance current season	73 246	95 129
UEFA Europa League – balance current season	29 634	37 317
Total	102 880	132 446
Any surplus in favour of the participating clubs is shown under this heading.		

25. Provisions

€000	Risk provision	HatTrick investment	HatTrick yearly solidarity	Other provisions	Total
Balance as at 30/06/2015	44 000	50 167	54 000	25 319	173 486
Additional provision		192 500	286 000		478 500
Unused and reversed	-1 611		-1 540		-3 151
Payments during the year	-2 389	-20 708	-52 460	-16 324	-91 881
Balance as at 30/06/2016	40 000	221 959	286 000	8 995	556 954
Additional provision	2 600	3 000			5 600
Unused and reversed			-1 915		-1 915
Payments during the year	-1 600	-91 175	-69 585	-1 000	-163 360
Balance as at 30/06/2017	41 000	133 783	214 500	7 995	397 279

"Other provisions" include commitments made in favour of the UEFA Foundation for Children and other solidarity payments for member associations, as well as associations in distress. All provisions are evaluated at closing date in accordance with note r) (provisions) of the accounting principles.

	30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
Breakdown of total provisions		
Risk provision	41 000	40 000
HatTrick investment	133 784	221 959
HatTrick yearly solidarity	71 500	71 500
Other provisions	1 995	1 995
Current	248 279	335 454

Risk provision	0	C
HatTrick investment	0	(
HatTrick yearly solidarity	143 000	214 500
Other provisions	6 000	7 000
Non-current	149 000	221 500
Total	397 279	556 954
Other notes to the consolidated		
inancial statements		
	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
Hedging activities		
Value of unrealised hedging contracts as at the closing date	8 823	(
Assets pledged for own commitments		
Amount disclosed from UEFA's cash balances to cover guarantees		
issued by banks to third parties	230	230
Lease commitments		
Total amount of lease commitments not included in the balance sheet	341	290
Lease commitments refer to vehicles acquired under		
operating leases. These leases typically extend over		
an initial period of between three and five years.		
Auditor's fees		
Audit services	189	287
Non-audit services (notarial duty during draws and tax advice)	104	80
Contingent liabilities		
The group has established provisions for risks and the HatTrick programme. No other significant		
contingent liabilities existed as at 30 June 2017 nor		
as at 30 June 2016.		
Post-balance sheet events		
As at 7 December 2017, the date on which the		
consolidated financial statements were approved by		
the UEFA Executive Committee, the group was not		
aware of any subsequent event that would require a		
restatement of assets and liabilities or an additional		
disclosure.		
The consolidated financial statements for 2016/17		
will be submitted to the UEFA Congress of		

26 February 2018 for approval.



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To the Congress of

Lausanne, 7 December 2017

Union des Associations Européennes de Football (UEFA), Nyon

Report of the statutory auditor on the consolidated financial statements

As statutory auditor, we have audited the consolidated financial statements of Union des Associations Européennes de Football (UEFA), which comprise the balance sheet, income statement, cash flow statement, statement of changes in reserves and notes, pages 2 to 33, for the year ended 30 June 2017.



Executive Committee's responsibility

The Executive Committee is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Swiss law and the consolidation and valuation principles as set out in the notes. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Executive Committee is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances



Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.





Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 comply with Swiss law and the consolidation and valuation principles as set out in the notes.

Report on other legal requirements

We confirm that we meet the legal requirements on licensing according to the Auditor Over-sight Act (AOA) and independence (art. 69b CC in relation to art. 728 CO) and that there are no circumstances incompatible with our independence.

In accordance with art. 69b CC in relation to art. 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists, which has been designed for the preparation of consolidated financial statements according to the instructions of the Executive Committee.

We recommend that the consolidated financial statements submitted to you be approved.

Ernst & Young Ltd

Fredi Widmann

Licensed audit expert

(Auditor in charge)

Bojan Radovanovic Licensed audit expert



	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
Broadcasting rights	2 322 212	3 185 225
Commercial rights	458 112	928 280
Rights revenue	2 780 324	4 113 505
Tickets	19 966	17 428
Hospitality	17 648	28 920
Other revenue	16 870	31 686
Total revenue	2 834 808	4 191 539
Distribution to participating teams	-2 119 362	-2 269 738
Contributions to associations	-20 363	-61 418
Event expenses	-75 075	-160 065
Referees and match officers	-32 272	-39 751
Information and communications technology	-42 260	-65 130
Employee salaries and benefits	-59 443	-69 058
Depreciation and amortisation	-7 384	-7 776
Other expenses	-33 420	-41 961
Intercompany transactions	-168 677	-207 526
Total expenses	-2 558 256	-2 922 423
Operating result before solidarity payments	276 552	1 269 116
Solidarity payments	-268 333	-1 163 728
Operating result	8 219	105 388
Financial income	7 858	9 460
Financial costs	-22 773	-12 727
Taxes	0	C
Net result for the period	-6 696	102 121
The stand-alone income statement of UEFA discloses the 2016/17 financial situation only for UEFA as an association, with comparative figures for the previous financial year. This means that all transactions of subsidiaries have been eliminated. Back charges to and from subsidiaries are disclosed under Intercompany transactions.		

BALANCE SHEET OF UEFA

		30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
Assets	Notes		
Cash and cash equivalents		767 966	1 086 012
Other financial assets	1	908 741	739 404
Receivables: third party	2	56 511	1 253 921
Receivables: group		44 746	0
Prepaid expenses and accrued income		21 884	81 316
Deferred competition costs	3	51 593	178 732
Current assets		1 851 441	3 339 385
Deferred competition costs	3	15 771	31 670
Property and equipment		100 948	104 541
Intangible assets		7 690	8 439
Participation: group		2 898	2 808
Other financial assets	1	361 386	372 567
Non-current assets		488 693	520 025
Total assets		2 340 134	3 859 410
Liabilities and reserves			
Payables: third party	4	528 549	851 926
Payables: group		0	84 898
Accrued expenses and deferred income	5	299 951	1 504 514
Advances from third parties		102 880	132 446
Provisions		248 279	335 454
Current liabilities		1 179 659	2 909 238
Deferred income	5	386 125	96 626
Provisions		149 000	221 500
Non-current liabilities		535 125	318 126
Liabilities		1 714 784	3 227 364
Undesignated reserves		500 000	500 000
Retained earnings		132 046	29 925
Net result for the period		-6 696	102 121
Reserves		625 350	632 046
Total liabilities and reserves		2 340 134	3 859 410

The stand-alone balance sheet of UEFA discloses the financial situation as at 30 June 2017 only for UEFA as an association, with comparative figures for the previous year-end. This means that the balance sheets of subsidiaries have

been taken out and replaced by participations at historical value. Consequently, receivables from or payables to the group are disclosed in the balance sheet of UEFA.



ABBREVIATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT OF UEFA

	2016/17 €000	2015/16 €000
Opening balance: cash and cash equivalents	1 086 012	511 509
Net foreign exchange difference	-7 749	-4 776
Closing balance: cash and cash equivalents	767 966	1 086 012
Change in net cash and cash equivalents	-310 297	579 279
Operating result before solidarity payments	276 552	1 269 116
Solidarity payments	-268 333	-1 163 728
Financial results	-11 735	-2 731
Depreciation and amortisation	7 384	7 776
Net movements in provisions	-159 675	383 468
Subtotal	-155 807	493 901
Change in net working capital	2 663	-26 961
Cash flow from operating activities	-153 144	466 940
Change in other current financial assets	-165 201	288 818
Change in loans	37 730	-16 003
Change in long-term securities	-26 549	-155 173
Capital expenditures	-3 133	-5 30
Cash flow from investing activities	-157 153	112 33
Cash flow from financing activities	0	(
Change in net cash and cash equivalents	-310 297	579 279

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF UEFA

Accounting principles

The "Union des Associations Européennes de Football" (hereafter UEFA) is an international non-governmental, not-for-profit organisation in the form of an association according to Swiss law and is domiciled in Nyon, Switzerland.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Swiss Code of Obligations (Art. 957 to 963b CO).

The accounting principles adopted in the preparation of the statutory financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of UEFA's consolidated financial statements. Accounting policies not specified in the Swiss Code of Obligations relate to revenue recognition methods used for:

- Annual competitions: revenue recognised during the period in which the competition takes place.
- Final tournaments played every two or four years: revenue fully recognised during the period in which the competition started.

 European Qualifiers: revenue recognised based on the percentage of completion, according to the number of matches played.

The stand-alone financial statements of UEFA are presented in euros, but have also been audited in Swiss francs. These financial statements in Swisss francs and the report of the statutory auditor are at the disposal of UEFA member associations upon request.

Notes and explanations to the income statement of UEFA

In compliance with the Swiss Code of Obligations, no additional notes and explanations to the income statement of UEFA need to be disclosed.

Notes and explanations to the balance sheet of UEFA		
·	30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
	€000	€000
1. Other financial assets		
Money market	246 418	198 997
Marketable securities	662 311	540 387
Escrow accounts	12	20
Other current financial assets	908 741	739 404
Loans	32 417	70 147
Long-term securities	328 969	302 420
Other non-current financial assets	361 386	372 567
Total	1 270 127	1 111 971
2. Receivables		
Receivables: football partners – gross	52 220	1 255 046
Bad debts	-6 580	-7 004
Receivables: football partners – net	45 640	1 248 042
Associations – current accounts in favour of UEFA	753	3 173
VAT receivable	1 549	1 135
Other (incl. withholding tax)	8 569	1 571
Other receivables	10 871	5 879
Total	56 511	1 253 921



		30/06/2017 €000	30/06/2016 €000
	Deferred competition costs		
	Club competitions	30 719	60 819
	European Qualifiers	23 593	148 994
	UEFA EURO 2020	8 686	104
	UEFA Women's EURO 2017	3 780	101
	Other competitions	586	384
	Total	67 364	210 402
	– thereof current portion	51 593	178 732
	- thereof non-current portion	15 771	31 670
4.	Payables		
	Suppliers	5 992	10 125
	Associations	520 455	835 740
	UEFA Foundation for Children	2 011	3 144
	Others	92	2 917
	Total	528 550	851 926
	Accrued expenses and deferred income		
	Employee benefits (accruals for bonuses, overtime and holidays)	8 564	11 237
	Other accrued expenses	23 326	04744
	<u>'</u>	23 320	84 741
	Total accrued expenses	31 890	95 978
	Total accrued expenses	31 890	95 978
	Total accrued expenses UEFA EURO 2016	31 890	95 978 25
	Total accrued expenses UEFA EURO 2016 Club competitions	31 890 0 351 203	95 978 25 1 161 501
	Total accrued expenses UEFA EURO 2016 Club competitions European Qualifiers	31 890 0 351 203 194 678	95 978 25 1 161 501 318 353
	Total accrued expenses UEFA EURO 2016 Club competitions European Qualifiers UEFA EURO 2020	31 890 0 351 203 194 678 97 985	95 978 25 1 161 501 318 353 18 805
	Total accrued expenses UEFA EURO 2016 Club competitions European Qualifiers UEFA EURO 2020 UEFA Women's EURO 2017	31 890 0 351 203 194 678 97 985 10 307	95 978 25 1 161 501 318 353 18 805 3 232
	Total accrued expenses UEFA EURO 2016 Club competitions European Qualifiers UEFA EURO 2020 UEFA Women's EURO 2017 Other competitions	31 890 0 351 203 194 678 97 985 10 307 13	95 978 25 1 161 501 318 353 18 805 3 232 3 246
	Total accrued expenses UEFA EURO 2016 Club competitions European Qualifiers UEFA EURO 2020 UEFA Women's EURO 2017 Other competitions Total deferred income	31 890 0 351 203 194 678 97 985 10 307 13 654 186	95 978 25 1 161 501 318 353 18 805 3 232 3 246 1 505 162

	20/06/2017	30/06/201
	30/06/2017	30/06/20
Participations		
UEFA Events SA, Nyon	100.0%	100.0
UEFA Club Competitions SA	99.9%	0.0
Euro 2008 SA, Nyon	100.0%	100.0
EURO 2016 SAS, Paris	95.0%	95.0
Number of employees		
Shown as full-time equivalents on an annual average basis (excluding apprentices)	310.3	299
	€000	€0
Hedging activities Value of unrealised hedging contracts as at the closing date	8 823	
value of diffeatised fledging contracts as at the closing date	0 023	
Assets pledged for own commitments		
Amount disclosed from UEFA's cash balances to cover guarantees	228	2
issued by banks to third parties		
Joint liability		
UEFA is a member of the UEFA VAT group in Switzerland and is thereby jointly and severally liable to the federal tax authorities for the group's VAT debts.		
Leasing		
Total amount of leasing commitments not included in the balance sheet	341	2
Auditor's fees		
Audit services	169	2
	104	



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To the Congress of

Lausanne, 7 December 2017

Union des Associations Européennes de Football (UEFA), Nyon

Report of the statutory auditor on the financial statements

As statutory auditor, we have audited the financial statements of Union des Associations Européennes de Football (UEFA), which comprise the balance sheet, income statement, cash flow statement and notes, pages 36 to 41, for the year ended 30 June 2017.



Executive Committee's responsibility

The Executive Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Executive Committee is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.



Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 comply with Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation.



Report on other legal requirements

We confirm that we meet the legal requirements on licensing according to the Auditor Over-sight Act (AOA) and independence (art. 69b CC in relation to art. 728 CO) and that there are no circumstances incompatible with our independence.

In accordance with art. 69b CC in relation to art. 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists, which has been designed for the preparation of financial statements according to the instructions of the Executive Committee.

We recommend that the financial statements submitted to you be approved.

Ernst & Young Ltd

Fredi Widmann Licensed audit expert

(Auditor in charge)

Bojan Radovanovic Licensed audit expert



The financial report is published in English, French and German. The English version is authoritative in respect of financial reporting, in accordance with Article 4.3 of the UEFA Statutes.

